ANNUAL REPORT 2021

GEOSCAN AND COALSCAN

Real Time Analysers for Coal, Cement, Minerals, Steel, Green Waste and Recycling

SCANTECH

www.scantech.com.au
ACN: 007 954 627

HIGHLIGHTS FOR 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
REVENUE	$23,621,897	$21,722,585	$20,864,360	$15,706,100	$12,955,004
CHANGE (%)	9%	4%	33%	21%	-1%
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	$6,882,667	$4,010,688	$3,500,057	$1,371,618	$132,699
CHANGE (%)	72%	15%	155%	934%	467%
PROFIT AFTER TAX	$5,253,163	$3,105,179	$2,630,253	$1,077,717	$144,381
CHANGE (%)	69%	18%	144%	646%	7%
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS	$18,766,697	$12,302,841	$9,450,899	$12,333,011	$11,232,843
CHANGE (%)	53%	30%	-23%	10%	-5%
EQUIPMENT ORDERS ON HAND AT PERIOD END	$7,331,587	$8,678,649	$10,832,974	$8,255,281	$6,295,915
CHANGE (%)	-16%	-20%	31%	31%	-28%
CASH & CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS	$13,618,138	$8,657,413	$4,733,204	$2,878,160	$4,267,210
CHANGE (%)	57%	83%	64%	-33%	-5%
NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES (FTE)	33	35	33	32	32
CHANGE (%)	-6%	6%	3%	0%	-3%

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Directors
Peter Pedler LLB (Hons) (Adel) (Chairman)
David Lindeberg B.Bus, FCA (Managing Director)
Laurance Brett BSc, FIAA, FIA (London) (Non Executive Director)

Registered Office
143 Mooringe Avenue
Camden Park, South Australia 5038
Telephone: +61 8 8350 0200
Facsimile: +61 8 8350 0188
PO Box 64
Unley, South Australia 5061

Company Secretary
Valerie Steer

Auditors
Bentleys SA

Principal Bankers
Bendigo Bank Limited

Solicitors
Duncan Basheer Hannon
HWL Ebsworth
Pedler Lawyers Pty Ltd

Share Registry
Link Market Services Limited
Locked Bag A14
Sydney South NSW 1235
Level 1, 333 Collins Street
Melbourne, VIC 3000
Telephone: 1300 554 474
Email: registrars@linkmarketservices.com.au
Website: www.linkmarketservices.com.au

Incorporation
Scantech Limited was incorporated in the State of South Australia

Taxation
Scantech Limited is taxed as a public company

Head Office
143 Mooringe Avenue
Camden Park, South Australia 5038
Telephone: +61 8 8350 0200
Facsimile: +61 8 8350 0188
PO Box 64
Unley, South Australia 5061

Marketing Office
Unit 14/2994 Logan Road
Underwood, Queensland 4119
PO Box 1485
Springwood, Queensland 4127
Telephone: +61 7 3710 8400
Facsimile: +61 7 3710 8499

Email address
sales@scantech.com.au

Website
www.scantech.com.au

Scantech's Annual Report is posted on the Internet.

ACN: 007 954 627

Notice of Meeting:

The Annual General Meeting of Scantech Limited will be held at:

Scantech Limited
143 Mooringe Avenue
Camden Park SA 5038
On Thursday 18 November 2021 at 10.00 a.m.

COMPANY BACKGROUND

OUR CORE BUSINESS
Scantech is the world-leader in the design, manufacture and service of real-time measurement technologies for conveyed bulk materials. The Company has developed a broad range of industrial instrumentation utilising various measurement technologies. The application of our products is principally in the resource sector including coal, cement, minerals, steel, green waste and recycling industries.

HISTORY
Founded as Mineral Control Instrumentation in 1981 by Dr Jim Howarth and Richard Kelly, Scantech has grown from a small private company based in Adelaide, South Australia to a successful public enterprise. The Company grew on the strength of its physics-based research, making it the world's leading company for on-line analysis, mainly through supply of the COALSCAN range of coal analysers.

GLOBAL INSTALLATIONS
Scantech has a large and diverse install base of on-line analysers, with more than 1,200 analysers installed in over 55 countries worldwide.

MISSION STATEMENT
Scantech is committed to providing:

- High quality products and exceptional service to customers.
- Company growth via acquisition of related businesses and application of new technologies.
- Maximum benefits to shareholders.
- A challenging, safe and rewarding environment for all employees.

AWARDS
Scantech has received a number of awards over the years including the following:

- Dr Jim Howarth along with other scientists won the prestigious Australia Prize in 1992. This award formally recognised the excellence of the COALSCAN range of analysers. The Prime Minister presented the award for scientific achievement to Dr Jim Howarth and colleagues for developing and commercialising instruments for the on-line analysis of minerals and coal.

- The Research and Development Magazine IR 100 Award for the On-Line Ash Measurement System.

- The Sir Ian McLennan Achievement for Industry Award won jointly with another research organisation to recognise the commercial development of the COALSCAN 4500.

- The Electronics Association of South Australian Gold Cup for excellence in commercialisation and engineering of the COALSCAN 9500 On-Line Elemental Analyser.

- The Powerhouse Museum in Sydney has recognised Scantech's COALSCAN as one of the most significant Australian innovations of the 20th century.

QUALITY ASSURANCE
Scantech has developed and implemented a Quality Management System thereby assuring its customers of quality, safety and reliability. Scantech maintains a Certificate of Approval for ISO Quality Assurance Standard ISO 9001:2015 from the Bureau Veritas Pty Ltd.

ISO 9001
BUREAU VERITAS
Certification

Scantech Products and Applications

MINERALS INDUSTRY

GEOSCAN GOLD and GEOSCAN-M elemental analysers	• Premium high specification analyser for fast measurement, demanding applications • Suits most ores & concentrates • Stockpile management	 • Blending & bulk sorting • Mine feedback, feed forward control
IRONSCAN and MINERALSCAN 1500 Natural Gamma analysers	• Uranium ore, iron ore, potash, etc. • Bulk sorting through flow diversion	• Dilution monitoring
MINERALSCAN 2100	• Density measurement e.g. insolubles in potash, trona	
TBM Series microwave moisture analysers CM 100 conductive/magnetic material moisture analyser	• Moisture control for filtration, drying, dust, transport • Dry tonnage determination in challenging commodities	
SizeScan PSD, volume & belt speed analyser	• Next generation 3D IR system • Grinding mill, HPGR feed monitoring	• Unaffected by dust, no lighting needed • Oversize, foreign object detection

CEMENT INDUSTRY

GEOSCAN-C elemental analysers	• Quarry feedback and control Stockpile building	• Limestone sorting & blending • Kiln fuel optimisation
BLENDSCAN PILE and MILL software	• Proportioning software for building stockpiles and Raw mix proportioning	
TBM Series microwave moisture analysers	• Moisture control in concrete batches, in alternative fuel bales and bulky bags	
BALZSCAN 9500X elemental analyser	• Kiln alternative fuel Calorific Value and Sulphur / Chlorine content monitoring	
BALZSCAN 2100 Duet analyser	• Kiln alternative fuel Calorific Value monitoring	

COAL AND ALTERNATIVE FUELS INDUSTRIES

COALSCAN 1500 Natural Gamma analyser	• Bulk sorting and plant bypass	
COALSCAN and BALZSCAN 2100 Duet analysers	• Wash / prep plant optimisation measuring ash and Calorific Value • Load out quality control	
COALSCAN and BALZSCAN 9500X elemental analysers	• Automated blending and wash / prep plant optimisation measuring elemental	
TBM Series microwave moisture analysers	• Fuels Moisture and dust management	
SizeScan PSD volume & belt speed analyser	• Next generation 3D IR system • Oversize detection	• Unaffected by dust, no lighting needed

POWER GENERATION

COALSCAN and BALZSCAN 2100 Duet analysers	• Measurement of Calorific value of Fuels	• Boiler performance optimisation
COALSCAN and BALZSCAN 9500X elemental analysers	• Automated blending and wash / prep plant optimisation measuring elemental • Bunker feed monitoring & control • Alternative Fuel quality control	
TBM Series microwave moisture analysers	• Fuels Moisture and dust management	
CIFA 350 carbon in fly ash analyser	• Unburnt Carbon content in fly ash	

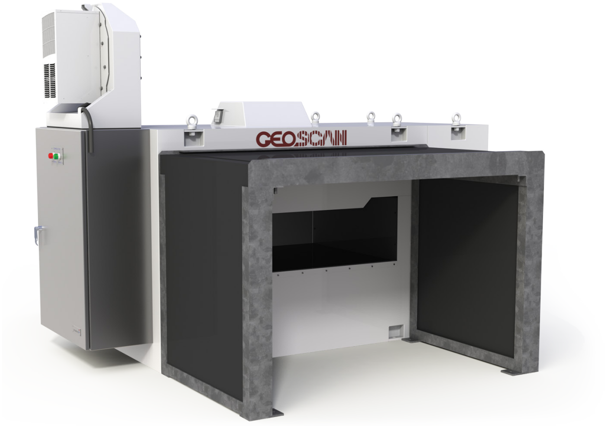
STEEL & RECYCLING INDUSTRIES

COALSCAN 9500X, GEOSCAN-S, GEOSCAN-R elemental analysers	• Raw material analysis • Additive control, e.g. sinter basicity • Contaminant detection & control	• Bulk sorting and blending • Process feed forward control • Fuel optimisation
CM 100 moisture analyser for conductive materials	• Moisture monitoring of coke & sinter feed for blast furnaces	
SizeScan PSD volume & belt speed analyser	• Next generation 3D IR system • Oversize detection	• Unaffected by dust, no lighting needed

Scantech Products and Applications (cont'd)

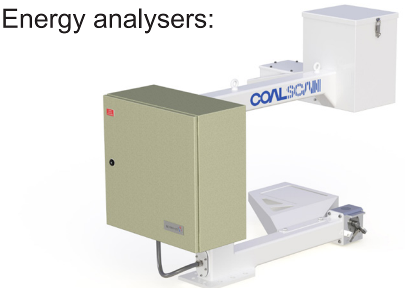
Elemental analyser models:

GEOSCAN GOLD
GEOSCAN-M
GEOSCAN-R
GEOSCAN-S
GEOSCAN-C



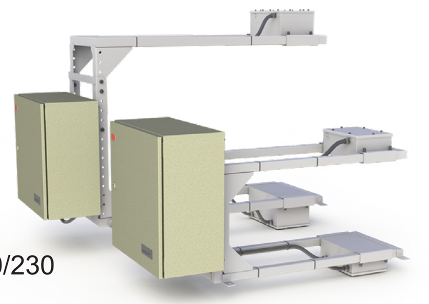
COALSCAN 9500X
BALZSCAN 9500X

Dual Energy analysers:



COALSCAN 2100
BALZSCAN 2100
MINERALSCAN 2100

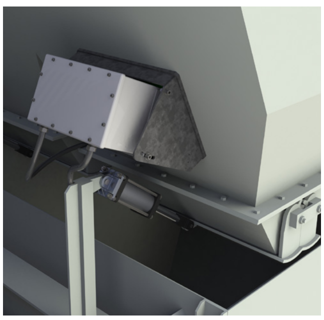
Moisture analysers:



TBM210/230

CM 100

BALESCAN/TBM280



ReadiMoist/TBM260

Natural gamma analysers:

COALSCAN 1500
MINERALSCAN 1500
IRONSCAN 1500

PSD/volume/foreign object detection analysers:

SizeScan

Carbon in fly ash analyser:

CIFA 350

SCANTECH PRODUCTS - ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS

Scantech's products are well known around the world for the financial benefits they provide to producers, and users, of coal, cement, minerals, steel, green waste and recycling industries. However, it is not so widely known that significant environmental benefits are also achieved.

✓ Reduced Greenhouse Gas Emissions ✓ Reduced Sulphur Emissions ✓ Reduced "Acid" Rain ✓ Reduced "Unburnt" Carbon ✓ Reduced Raw Material Consumption ✓ Reduced Shipping Costs ✓ Reduced risk of burning toxic chemicals and free radicals like chlorine	✓ Enhanced Consistency of Quality Product ✓ Reduced Energy Consumption ✓ Increased Life of Kilns ✓ Improved Process Control ✓ Extended Life of Mineral Deposits ✓ Reduced Waste ✓ Optimisation processing of required commodites

COAL

The world coal consumption is approximately 8,500 million tonnes per year, producing about 15,000 million tonnes of carbon dioxide which is released to the atmosphere. Therefore, even a relatively small improvement in the efficiency of coal-fired power stations can result in a significant reduction in greenhouse gas emissions.

Scantech's COALSCAN analysers allow coal mining to be carried out more efficiently with more saleable product for a given amount of mining activity. This reduces both the cost and environmental impact of coal production. The ability to sort and blend coal allows more coal to be sold without the need for washing. Coal washing is an energy intensive process, so reduction in the tonnes of coal washed results in energy and cost savings.

Blending using coal analysers achieves a more consistent coal quality which can improve the efficiency of coal burning in power stations. Also, power stations which have analysers can detect variations in the quality of coal before it is burnt which allows the poor quality coal to be diverted or the boiler setting adjusted to handle the change in quality.

Scantech's ability to measure sulphur on line allows companies to meet the compliance conditions for low sulphur coal. Control of sulphur emissions is important in reducing acid rain which is caused in part by emissions of sulphur dioxide.

Scantech also has a product, the CIFA 350, which determines the unburnt carbon in fly ash produced by coal-fired power stations. Real time measurement of unburnt carbon allows improvement in boiler efficiency by better control. If the carbon is controlled to a low enough level the fly ash can be used as feed material for cement making rather than being discarded as waste.

CEMENT

The worldwide production of cement is approximately 3,500 million tonnes. This requires a similar quantity of limestone and minerals as well as a large amount of energy in the form of coal, oil and gas. Approximately 8% of the world's greenhouse gas emissions come from the cement industry.

Cement plants are usually located close to a limestone quarry. Corrective materials such as sand, shale, clay, bauxite and iron ore may also be required and these are typically shipped to the cement plant from other locations. Scantech's GEOSCAN analyser allows very efficient blending of these materials to provide raw mix of the correct composition for the cement-making process. In most quarries the quality of limestone is highly variable. The analyser allows these variations to be tracked and enables more efficient use of the locally available materials. This reduces the high financial and environmental costs of shipping corrective materials from outside sources. The more efficient use of local materials reduces waste and allows more cement to be produced from a given amount of quarry activity.

Scantech's GEOSCANS allow more consistent raw mix to be delivered to the cement-making process, reduce energy consumption, increase the life of the kiln and yield better cement quality. This produces both financial as well as environmental benefits.

SCANTECH PRODUCTS - ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS (CONT'D)

MINERALS AND STEEL

Similar environmental benefits to those described above can be achieved by use of analysers in the minerals and steel industries. There is a wide range of mineral types and methods for mineral processing. However, as a general rule the information provided by Scantech's GEOSCAN analysers can provide better process control with the benefits of reduced cost, reduced energy consumption and more efficient use of the mineral resource.

A GEOSCAN is able to measure ore grades and thereby divert material that is off specification, saving on processing costs and energy consumption, particularly for grinding and milling. Measurement of mineral products streams ensures that processing facilities are running efficiently and minimises any necessary reprocessing. Deleterious components can also be measured in order to comply with environmental restrictions regarding the content of toxic or environmentally harmful elements and compounds. GEOSCANs have been used to optimise the mine-to-mill by enabling bulk ore sorting, where sub-optimal and sub-economic portions of material can be identified and diverted away from the main processing stream, reducing processing costs and energy while increasing recovery of the components of value.

In the steel industry, a GEOSCAN can provide important information to enable the most optimal operating characteristics of a boiler, sinter machine or blast furnace.

Scantech installed its first GEOSCAN in the iron ore industry in 2003, and has since supplied many more worldwide to the iron ore, iron sinter, manganese ore, lead-zinc, copper, phosphate, bauxite, platinum, lime, lithium and gold industries.

GREEN WASTE AND RECYCLING

Scantech has recently developed the BALZSCAN analysers for use in green energy. As energy producers turn towards alternative fuels, including biomass, plastics, and other forms of waste, the BALZSCAN analysers provide data on the energy properties of the materials, as well as being able to identify the presence of certain critical elements like sulphur and chlorine.

Producing alternative fuels has three main benefits:

- Minimise wastes impact on environment for a sustainable future
- Maximise natural resources
- Reduce the risk of release of free radicals and toxic chemicals
- Allow End-Users to get cheaper fuel and save money

In recycling, the GEOSCAN can help to identify different alloy types and classify materials suitable for recycling using specified processes or otherwise. It can assist in the optimisation of processing, including monitoring gangue and slags in smelting, as well as identifying components of value. Toxic components can also be identified and removed from the processing stream.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

P D Pedler
LLB (Hons) (Adel)

Chairman of the Board

Peter Pedler is the principal of Pedler Lawyers. He practices in the fields of commercial agreements and transactions and advises on due diligence and corporate governance issues. He also advises on Corporations Act matters. He advises a range of public and proprietary companies.

Peter graduated with honours in 1980 and was admitted as a legal practitioner in February 1981. He is involved in a number of church and community organisations.

He was appointed to the Scantech Board on 12 August 2003.

D J Lindeberg
B.Bus, FCA

Managing Director

Executive Director

David Lindeberg is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and joined Scantech in December 1998 as Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary. He has had experience in accounting worldwide, working for international accounting firms from 1974 to 1989 in London, Johannesburg, Sydney and Adelaide. David also spent five years working for the South Australian Government.

David joined the Board of Scantech on 20 January 2000, as an Executive Director and was appointed Managing Director on 2 March 2001.

L C Brett
BSc, FIAA, FIA (London)

Non - Executive Director

Laurance Brett has worked as an actuary in Adelaide since 1983

He was founding Director of the successful Adelaide based consulting actuarial firm, Brett & Watson Pty Ltd, from 1993 until his retirement in December 2018.

Laurance advised companies, government departments and large superannuation funds on a range of financial and actuarial matters.

He was appointed to the Scantech Board on 1 September 2005.

STATUTORY REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Your Directors present the consolidated accounts for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

DIRECTORS
The following persons held office as Directors of Scantech Limited during the year ending 30 June 2021 and at the date of this report:

- Peter Pedler - Chairman
- David Lindeberg - Managing Director
- Laurance Brett - Non Executive Director

Details of qualifications, experience and responsibilities of Directors are set out on Page 8 of the Annual Report.

The number of meetings of the Company's Directors held during the year ended 30 June 2021 and the number of meetings attended by each Director was:

Name of Director	Full Directors Meetings	
	Held whilst a Director	Attended
Peter Pedler	5	5
David Lindeberg	5	5
Laurance Brett	5	5

COMPANY SECRETARY
The following person held the position of Company Secretary for the entire period and at the date of this financial report:

Ms Valerie D Steer – Business Certificate (Accounting), Advanced Certificate (Industrial Relations) and Affiliate Member of Governance Institute of Australia. Ms Steer has worked for Scantech for the past 20 years and is currently performing the role of Chief Financial Officer. Ms Steer was appointed Company Secretary on 15 October 2001.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES
The principal continuing activities during the year of the Consolidated Entity constituted by Scantech Limited and the entities it controlled from time to time during the year consisted of:

- manufacture and marketing of scientific and industrial instruments
- consulting to the coal, cement, minerals, steel, green waste and recycling industries and in-field support of scientific and industrial instruments

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS
The Company recorded an audited profit before tax for the year of $6,882,667 compared to $4,010,688 for the same period last year.

A tax expense of $1,629,504 brings the audited profit after tax for the year ended 30 June 2021 to $5,253,163 compared to $3,105,179 for the same period last year. This profit includes a loss of $186,571 for exchange variants made up of $449,586 of realised exchange loss and $263,015 of unrealised exchange gain.

Total revenue continued to please at $23,621,897 for the year, an increase of 9% over the last year (2020: $21,722,585). The Company expects service revenue to continue to grow.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS
There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the consolidated entity during the financial year.

EVENTS AFTER THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DATE
No matters or circumstances not already mentioned in this report have arisen since the end of the financial year, which have significantly affected or may significantly affect:

- The operations of the consolidated entity
- The results of those operations
- The state of affairs of the consolidated entity in the financial years subsequent to the financial year ended 30 June 2021

STATUTORY REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS AND AUDITORS

During the financial year, the Company paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring the Directors of the Company (as named, Page 9) and all Officers of the Company and of any related body corporate, against a liability incurred by such a Director, or Executive Officer to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

The Company has not otherwise, during or since the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify an officer or auditor of the Company or of any related body corporate, against a liability incurred by such an officer or auditor.

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

The Company recognises the importance of sound environmental practice. It encourages environmental awareness by all of its employees and contractors with the objective of achieving standards of management, which, as a minimum, comply with existing Government legislation and regulations. There were no known breaches of environmental obligations during the year.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The Company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Company are important.

The Board is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services as set out below, did not compromise the audit independence requirement of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- All non-audit services have been reviewed by the Board to ensure they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor.
- None of the services undermine the general principle relating to auditor independence as set out in the Professional Standard APES110, including reviewing or auditing auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risk or reward.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditors Bentleys SA Audit Partnership for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in Note 5 of the Financial Statements.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 requires our auditors Bentleys SA Audit Partnership to provide the Directors of the Company with a Declaration of Independence in relation to the review of the full year financial statements. This Declaration of Independence appears on Page 11 and forms part of this Statutory Report of the Directors.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS

Likely developments in the operation of the consolidated entity and the expected results from those operations have not been included in this report. The inclusion of such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the consolidated entity.

VALE DR JIM HOWARTH

Scantech would like to acknowledge the passing of Dr Jim Howarth in June 2021. Jim founded Scantech (previously named Mineral Control Instrumentation) along with Richard Kelly in 1981.

The company developed the CoalScan range of products that allowed Scantech to break into the international markets of coal and power. Further developments of the technology lead to new generations of products and the continuing international success that Scantech enjoys today as a world leader in online analysis. These products have now been enhanced for other applications including minerals, steel, recycling, and alternative energy.

Jim had many achievements but the most significant was being awarded the Australian prize in 1992 for the Coalscan products by the Prime Minister at the time, Mr Paul Keating.

After Jim retired from Scantech, he moved to the Clare Valley and turned his attention to wine making. The Pycnantha Hill range of wines was a commercial success, and the high-quality wines were enjoyed by all of us who tried them.

Our thoughts are with his family at this time.

Signed this 31st day of August 2021 in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

P. Pedler	D. Lindeberg
Chairman	Managing Director

Bentleys SA Audit Partnership
Level 5
63 Pirie Street
Adelaide SA 5000

GPO Box 939
Adelaide SA 5001

ABN 43 877 091 903

T +61 8 8372 7900
F +61 8 8372 7999

admin@adel.bentleys.com.au
bentleys.com.au

Auditors Independence Declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act, 2001 to the Directors of Scantech Limited

I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2021 there have been no contraventions of:

I. the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
II. any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Bentleys SA Audit Partnership

DAVID FRANCIS
Partner

Dated this 31st day of August 2021.

SCANTECH LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	2020 $
Revenue	3	23,621,897	21,722,585
Cost of Sales		(11,935,196)	(11,236,256)
Gross Profit		11,686,701	10,486,329
Other Income	3	205,236	229,920
Manufacturing Expenses		(610,252)	(796,641)
Engineering and Scientific Expenses		(1,777,414)	(2,114,149)
Marketing Expenses		(901,788)	(1,682,504)
Administration Expenses		(1,662,494)	(2,051,140)
Borrowing Costs		(57,322)	(61,127)
Profit before Income Tax		6,882,667	4,010,688
Income Tax (Expense) / Benefit	6	(1,629,504)	(905,509)
Profit after Income Tax Attributable to Owners of the Parent Entity		5,253,163	3,105,179
Other Comprehensive Income for the period			
Gain / (Loss) on Revaluation of Investment Shares Net of tax expense $300,423 (2020: tax benefit $96,055)		855,051	(253,237)
Gain on revaluation of Land and Buildings (Net of tax expense $122,200)		347,800	0
Gain on 1.5% tax rate deduction on deferred tax		7,842	0
Total Comprehensive Income attributable to Owners of the Parent Entity		6,463,856	2,851,942

The above Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

SCANTECH LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	2020 $
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	28	3,118,138	5,601,726
Trade and Other Receivables	9	2,024,913	1,671,964
Inventories	10	4,153,430	4,274,763
Amount due from Customers	11	1,188,221	1,231,668
Financial Assets	12	10,500,000	3,055,687
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		20,984,702	15,835,808
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Financial Assets	12	4,367,417	3,094,830
Property, Plant and Equipment	13	3,625,239	3,253,324
Right-of-use Asset	14	186,406	296,103
Patents, Trademarks and Licences	15	511,505	577,813
Product Development	16	1,716,045	1,716,045
Deferred Tax Asset	7	428,268	482,845
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		10,834,880	9,420,960
TOTAL ASSETS		31,819,582	25,256,768
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and Other Payables	17	7,898,551	7,321,028
Amount due to Customers	11	2,094,944	2,253,152
Provision for Income Tax		862,532	382,944
Other Provisions	20	780,682	774,378
Right-of-use Liability	21	107,280	101,251
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		11,743,989	10,832,753
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Financial Liabilities	18	0	975,000
Other Provisions	20	43,271	46,005
Deferred Tax Liability	7	1,181,600	912,408
Right-of-use Liability	21	84,025	187,761
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,308,896	2,121,174
TOTAL LIABILITIES		13,052,885	12,953,927
NET ASSETS		18,766,697	12,302,841
EQUITY			
Contributed Equity	22	4,374,962	4,374,962
Reserves	23	1,602,862	392,169
Retained Earnings		12,788,873	7,535,710
TOTAL EQUITY		18,766,697	12,302,841

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

SCANTECH LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Ordinary Share Capital	Retained Earnings/ (Accumulated Losses)	Premium on Consolidation	Asset Revaluation Reserve	Total
	$	$	$	$	$
Consolidated Entity Balance as at 1 July 2019	4,374,962	4,430,531	13,139	632,267	9,450,899
Profit for the Period	0	3,105,179	0	0	3,105,179
Other comprehensive income	0	0	0	(253,237)	(253,237)
Consolidated Entity Balance as at 30 June 2020	4,374,962	7,535,710	13,139	379,030	12,302,841
Consolidated Entity Balance as at 1 July 2020	4,374,962	7,535,710	13,139	379,030	12,302,841
Profit for the Period	0	5,253,163	0	0	5,253,163
Other comprehensive income	0	0	0	1,210,693	1,210,693
Consolidated Entity Balance as at 30 June 2021	4,374,962	12,788,873	13,139	1,589,723	18,766,697

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

SCANTECH LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES
CASH FLOW STATEMENT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	2020 $
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from Customers		23,652,257	24,091,722
Payments to Suppliers and Employees		(16,357,521)	(18,518,407)
Interest Received		38,187	34,041
Interest Paid		(67,073)	(73,598)
Income Taxes Paid		(1,240,929)	(1,337,158)
Sundry Income		50,000	50,000
Net cash provided by operating activities	28(ii)	6,074,921	4,246,600
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Payments for Property, Plant and Equipment		(29,939)	(209,733)
Dividends Received		117,130	139,765
Payments for Patents, Trademarks and Licences		(7,547)	(9,764)
Payments for Investment Shares		(117,112)	(139,771)
Net Payments from movements in Financial Assets		(7,444,313)	(1,500,606)
Net cash used in investing activities		(7,481,781)	(1,720,109)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Repayment of Loans		(975,000)	0
Lease Payments		(101,728)	(102,888)
Net cash used in financing activities		(1,076,728)	(102,888)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash held		(2,483,588)	2,423,603
Cash at the beginning of the financial year		5,601,726	3,178,123
Cash at the end of the financial year	28(i)	3,118,138	5,601,726

Reconciliation of Cash:

For the purposes of the Cash Flow Statement, cash includes cash on hand and at bank.

Cash as at the end of the financial year as shown in the Cash Flow Statement is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

		2021	2020
Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,118,138	5,601,726

The above Cash Flow Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

SCANTECH LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

1 INTRODUCTION

Scantech Limited is a public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia and is the parent entity of Scantech Limited Group of companies. This financial report is prepared for the period of 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2021 and was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on the 31 August 2021.

(a) REGISTERED OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

143 Mooringe Avenue, Camden Park, South Australia 5038.

(b) CURRENCY

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars and rounded to the nearest dollar.

2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are general-purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritive pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. For the purpose of preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Company is a for-profit entity.

The financial statements comply with Australian Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

(a) BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis and do not take into account changing money values or, except where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. The Group assesses whether there is any indication that the carrying values of its assets may be impaired. Where an indicator of impairment exists, the Group makes a formal estimate of recoverable amount. If the result shows that the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount of the asset, impairment exists and the asset is written down to its recoverable amount.

The accounting policies that have been consistently applied by the entities in the Group are consistent with those of the previous year.

(b) PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements of the consolidated entity include the financial statements of Scantech Limited, being the Parent Entity, and its subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group has control over an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity, and has the ability to use its power to affect those returns. Where an entity either began or ceased to be controlled during the year, the results are included only from the date control commenced or up to the date control ceased. The balances and effects of transactions, between subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements have been eliminated. Non-controlling interests in the equity and results of the entities that are controlled by the Company are shown as a separate item in the consolidated financial statements.

(c) ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

<u>Contract Revenue Percentage Completion:</u>
At the end of each quarter management assesses the performance obligation for all current contract jobs, and revenue is recognised by the Group based on the stage of performance obligation of each of the projects. Any expected loss on construction contracts are recognised as an expense immediately in profit or loss.

<u>Impairment of Product Development Costs:</u>
Determining whether Product Development costs are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash generating units to which Product Development costs have been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Directors to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. The carrying amount of Product Development costs at 30 June 2021 was $1,716,045 (30 June 2020: $1,716,045).

In the Directors' judgement, Product Development costs have an indefinite life and so have not been amortised but tested for impairment each reporting period. Refer Note 2(q) and Note 16 for further details.

<u>COVID-19:</u>
The Directors are responding to the COVID-19 pandemic ensuring the health and welfare of staff, maintaining support for our customers and taking the necessary steps for continuing profitable operations. For the financial year ended 30 June 2021 the Group received COVID-19 Australian Government subsidy for wages of $888,700.

(d) NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

In the current year, the Group has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (the AASB). These new and revised Standards and Interpretations have not affected the reporting results or financial position.

There are no Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet effective have not been adopted by the Group for the annual reporting period 30 June 2021.

(e) REVENUE RECOGNITION

Product Revenue:

Product revenue comprises of revenue earned (net of returns, discounts and allowances) from the provision of products to entities outside the Group. Product revenue is recognised using the performance milestone percentage completion method.

Service Revenue:

Service revenue comprises of revenue earned (net of returns, discounts and allowances) from goods or services provided to entities outside the Group. Service revenue is recognised when the goods and services are provided.

Interest Income:

Interest income is recognised as it is accrued using the effective interest method.

(f) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For Cash Flow Statement presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(g) TRADE RECEIVABLES

Trade receivables which generally have 30 days terms represent the principle amount owing at the end of the reporting period.

An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off to profit or loss when identified.

(h) FOREIGN CURRENCY

Transactions:

Foreign currency transactions are translated to Australian currency at the rates of exchange ruling at the dates of the transactions. Amounts receivable and payable in foreign currencies at the end of the reporting period are translated at the rates of exchange ruling on that date. Exchange differences relating to amounts receivable and payable in foreign currencies, and the transactions in foreign currency term deposit are brought to account as exchange gains or losses in profit or loss in the financial year in which the exchange rates change.

Transaction of Controlled Foreign Entities:

At the end of the reporting period, there are no assets and liabilities in overseas subsidiaries.

(i) TAXATION

Income Tax:

The income tax (expense) / benefit for the year comprises of current income tax (expense) / benefit and deferred tax (expense) / benefit.

Current income tax expense charged to profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income calculated using applicable income tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted, as at reporting date. Current tax liabilities (assets) are therefore measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax (expense) / benefit reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the year as well as unused tax losses.

Current and deferred income tax (expense) / benefit is charged or credited directly to equity instead of profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are ascertained based on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets also result where amounts have been fully expensed but future tax deductions are available. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability. Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Where temporary differences exist in relation to investments in subsidiaries, branches, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is not probable that the reversal will occur in the foreseeable future.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists and it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where a legally enforceable right of set-off exists. The deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where it is intended that net settlement or simultaneous realisation and settlement of the respective asset and liability will occur in future periods in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

Tax Consolidation:

Scantech Limited and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated Group under the tax consolidation legislation. Each entity in the Group recognises its own current and deferred tax assets and liabilities. Such taxes are measured using the ‘stand-alone taxpayer’ approach to allocation. Current tax liabilities / (assets) and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and tax credits in the subsidiaries are immediately transferred to the head entity. The Group notified the Australian Taxation Office that it had formed an income tax consolidated Group to apply from 1 July 2003.

The tax consolidated Group has entered a tax funding arrangement whereby each company in the Group contributes to the income tax payable by the Group in proportion to their contribution to the Group’s taxable income. Differences between the amounts of net tax assets and liabilities derecognised and the net amounts recognised pursuant to the funding arrangement are recognised as either a contribution by, or distribution to the head entity.

(j) IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

At the end of each reporting period or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate they might be impaired, the Group reviews the carrying values of tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset’s fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset’s carrying value. Any excess of the asset’s carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed in profit or loss. Impairment testing is performed annually for intangible assets with indefinite lives.

SCANTECH LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(k) INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Subsidiaries:
Investments in subsidiaries are carried in the Company's accounts at the lower of cost and recoverable amount. Dividends and distributions are brought to account in profit or loss when proposed by the subsidiaries.

(l) INVENTORIES

Manufacturing Activities:
Raw materials and stores represent inventory items stated at cost price. Work in Progress represents analysers under construction for which there is no specific customer contract at the end of the reporting period. Costs, including an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses, are assigned to inventories by the method most appropriate to each particular class of inventory. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

(m) CONTRACTS IN PROGRESS

Where the outcome of a contract for the construction of an analyser can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period, as measured by the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total contract costs, except where this would not be representative of the stage of completion.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable.

Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred. When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

“Amounts due from customers” is recognised as an asset for all contracts in progress for which costs incurred plus recognised profits (less recognised losses) exceeds progress billings. A liability for “Amounts due to customers” is recognised for all contracts in progress for which progress billings exceed costs incurred plus recognised profits (less recognised losses).

(n) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Acquisition:
Plant and equipment is recorded at cost and depreciated as outlined below. All other items of property, plant and equipment are carried at the lower of cost, less accumulated depreciation, and recoverable amount.

Property, plant and equipment are subject to an impairment test when there is an indication that impairment exists by reference to internal and external market factors. Any item of property, plant and equipment, which is impaired, is written down to its recoverable amount. The amount of the impairment write-down for assets carried at cost is expensed through profit or loss.

Recoverable amounts are determined for individual assets, unless the value in use cannot be estimated independently from other assets. In such case, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating Group of assets to which it belongs.

Revaluations of Land and Buildings:
Land and buildings are measured at fair value, based on periodic valuations by external independent valuers who apply the market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties, less accumulated depreciation on buildings and less any impairment losses recognised after the date of the revaluation. At the end of each reporting period the Directors re-assess the fair value of the land and buildings and the carrying value is adjusted accordingly.

Any revaluation increment is credited to the asset revaluation reserve included in equity, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrement for the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case the increment is recognised in profit or loss.

Any revaluation decrement is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it offsets a previous revaluation increment for the same asset, in which case the decrement is debited directly to the asset revaluation reserve to the extent of the credit balance existing in the revaluation reserve for that asset.

Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amounts of the assets and the net amounts are restated to the revalued amounts of the assets. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss.

Upon disposal or derecognition, any revaluation reserve to the particular asset being sold is transferred to retained earnings.

SCANTECH LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(n) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Depreciation and Amortisation:
Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their useful life (2 to 15 years) using the straight line method except motor vehicles which are depreciated using the diminishing value method. The buildings are depreciated using the straight line method over 40 years.

Derecognition:
An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no further economic benefits are expected from its use.

(o) LEASES

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(p) INTANGIBLES

Patents, Trademarks and Licences:
Measured initially at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses.

Patents, Trademarks and Licences are amortised on a straight line basis over the lesser of 20 years or life of the patent, trademarks or licences.

(q) PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT COSTS

No development costs have been capitalised in the current year.

No research costs are carried forward.

Capitalised Product Development costs represent the development of the current Mark IV GEOSCAN utilising universal hardware and electronics for use in the majority of Scantech's current products net of AusIndustry funding from prior years.

(r) TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Accounts payable represent the principle amount outstanding at the end of the reporting period plus, where applicable any accrued interest.

(s) BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred except borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period to get ready its intended use or sale. In this case borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset.

(t) PROVISIONS

Short-term Employee Benefits:
Provision is made for the Group's obligation for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Group's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position. The Group's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised as provisions in the statement of financial position.

Other Long-term Employee Benefits:
Provision is made for employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Group's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

(u) GOODS AND SERVICES TAX (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

(v) DIVIDENDS

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the financial year but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

(w) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Recognition and Initial Measurement:

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities, are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs where the instrument is not classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs related to instruments classified as at fair value through profit or loss are expensed to profit or loss immediately. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

Derecognition:

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Classification and Subsequent Measurement:

(i) Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(ii) Held-to-Maturity Investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the Group's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) Financial Liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(iv) Available-for-sale Assets

Available-for-sale investments are non-derivative financial assets that are either not capable of being classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

They are subsequently measured at fair value with any remeasurements other than impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive income and taken to revaluation reserve. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss pertaining to that asset previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified into profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets when they are not expected to be sold within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other available-for-sale financial assets are classified as current assets.

Impairment:

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

SCANTECH LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	Consolidated Entity 2020 $
3 REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME		
Included in profit or loss are the following revenue and other income items		
Products Revenue	10,307,661	10,610,328
Services Revenue	13,314,236	11,112,257
Total Revenue	23,621,897	21,722,585
Sundry Income	50,000	50,000
Interest Received or Receivable	38,106	40,155
Franked Dividend Income	117,130	139,765
Total Other Income	205,236	229,920
4 EXPENSES		
Included in the Profit before Income Tax are the following expenses:		
Operating Lease Rental Costs	147,162	151,292
Research and Development Costs	520,338	562,861
Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment	128,024	126,103
Depreciation of Right-of-use Asset	113,718	95,798
Amortisation of Patents, Trademarks and Licences	73,855	76,202
Total Depreciation and Amortisation	315,597	298,103
Wages and Salaries	2,760,673	3,154,064
Superannuation	232,528	246,386
Other Employee Benefits Expenses	1,216,677	990,720
Total Employee Benefits Expenses	4,209,878	4,391,170
5 AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
Amounts received or due and receivable for audit and review of financial reports:		
– Auditors of the Parent Entity – Bentleys SA	41,485	40,328
Amounts received or due and receivable for other services of auditor of parent entity by:		
– Taxation services – Bentleys SA	8,576	16,550
Total Auditor's Remuneration	50,061	56,878
6 INCOME TAX (EXPENSE) / BENEFIT		
The components of Income Tax (Expense) / Benefit comprise:		
Current tax	(1,716,072)	(1,020,816)
Deferred tax	86,568	115,307
	(1,629,504)	(905,509)
Accounting Profit before Income Tax	6,882,667	4,010,688
Tax at 26% (2020: 27.5%)	(1,789,493)	(1,102,939)
Non Deductible Permanent Differences	9,179	8,200
Impact of fully franked dividends	37,147	43,428
Impact of foreign income tax offset	45,318	41,659
Deferred tax benefit resulting from reduction in tax rate	15,589	0
Over / (under) provision in respect of prior years	(12,286)	42,229
Impact of R&D Tax Incentive	65,042	61,914
Income Tax Expense	(1,629,504)	(905,509)

SCANTECH LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	Consolidated Entity 2020 $
7 RECOGNISED DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		
Deferred income tax as at 30 June 2021 relates to the following:		
Deferred Tax Liabilities:		
Prepayments, Other Debtors and Short Term Deposits	2,112	54,945
Plant and Equipment	25,624	14,851
Land and Buildings	341,907	225,615
Patents, Trademarks and Licences	51,222	61,796
Investment in Shares	261,277	0
Right-of-use Asset	48,465	81,428
Trade and Other Receivables	4,821	0
Trade Payables	0	1,860
Product Development	446,172	471,913
	1,181,600	912,408
Deferred Tax Assets:		
Trade and Other Receivables	0	33,383
Contracts in Progress	42,766	5,362
Trade and Other Payables	115,835	87,857
Investment in Shares	0	41,405
Provisions	214,228	225,605
Other Assets	5,700	9,754
Right-of-use Liability	49,739	79,479
	428,268	482,845
8 DIVIDENDS		
Dividends provided for or paid by the Parent Entity are:		
(i) No final dividend	0	0
(ii) No interim dividend	0	0
(iii) Special Dividend	0	0
(iv) No final dividend is recommended by the Directors	0	0
Franking Credit Balance:		
The amount of franking credits available for the subsequent financial year are:		
Franking account balance as at the end of the financial year at 26% (2020: 27.5%)	3,313,401	2,022,275
Franking credits that will arise from the payment of income tax payable as at the end of the financial year	862,532	382,944
	4,175,933	2,405,219
9 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
Trade Accounts Receivable outstanding:		
Current	1,621,223	800,327
1 – 30 days	30,873	76,670
31 – 60 days	0	23,207
61 – 90 days	77,405	60,755
Over 90 days	0	292,957
Doubtful Debt	0	(103,284)
Total Trade Accounts Receivable	1,729,501	1,150,632
Other Debtors and Prepayments	295,412	521,332
	2,024,913	1,671,964

The Group does not consider there is any change in the credit quality for the trade receivables under 30 days at the date of reporting. These receivables under 30 days are made up of existing customers or new customers where the Group has performed due diligence.

Management has assessed all balances over 30 days, which are outside normal trading terms, as past due but not impaired as they are still considered to be receivable.

SCANTECH LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	Consolidated Entity 2020 $
9 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)		
Current Amounts Receivable in Foreign Currencies:		
The Australian dollar equivalent of unhedged amounts receivable in foreign currencies, calculated at year end exchange rates, are as follows:		
United States Dollars (USD)	611,856	534,500
Euro (EUR)	73,549	370,523
South African Rand (ZAR)	0	5,202
Great British Pounds (GBP)	34,892	0
	720,297	910,225
10 INVENTORIES		
Current:		
Raw Materials and Stores at cost	1,959,263	1,801,402
Work in Progress	2,194,167	2,473,361
	4,153,430	4,274,763
11 CONTRACTS IN PROGRESS		
Cost Incurred plus Profit to Date	22,547,551	21,415,989
Less Billings	(23,454,274)	(22,437,473)
Net Amount	(906,723)	(1,021,484)
Represented By:		
Amounts due from Customers – Asset	1,188,221	1,231,668
Amounts due to Customers – Liability	(2,094,944)	(2,253,152)
Contracts in Progress – Net Amount	(906,723)	(1,021,484)
12 FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Current:		
Amounts on Deposit at Banks	10,500,000	3,055,687
Non-Current:		
Shares – Australian Listed Entities – at fair value	4,367,417	3,094,830
	4,367,417	3,094,830
Shares held for the purpose of long-term profit taking. Changes in fair value are included in the statement of comprehensive income.		
Current Term Deposit Amounts in Foreign Currencies:		
The Australian dollar equivalent of unhedged amounts in term deposit in foreign currencies, calculated at year end exchange rates, are as follows:		
Euro (EUR)	0	55,687

SCANTECH LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	2020 $
Plant and Equipment – at cost	786,668	809,447
Accumulated Depreciation	(461,429)	(413,623)
	325,239	395,824
Land and Buildings – at fair value	3,657,500	3,187,500
Accumulated Depreciation	(357,500)	(330,000)
	3,300,000	2,857,500
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	3,625,239	3,253,324

Movement In Carrying Amounts:

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of Property, Plant and Equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	2021 $	2020 $
Plant and Equipment at cost at the beginning of the year	809,447	679,860
Additions	29,939	209,733
Disposals	(52,718)	(80,146)
Plant and Equipment at cost at the end of the year	786,668	809,447
Accumulated Depreciation at the beginning of the year	(413,623)	(395,166)
Depreciation Expense	(100,524)	(98,603)
Depreciation Expense write back	52,718	80,146
Accumulated Depreciation at the end of the year	(461,429)	(413,623)
Carrying Amount of Plant and Equipment at the end of the year	325,239	395,824
Land and Buildings at fair value at the beginning of the year	3,187,500	3,187,500
Revaluation Adjustment	470,000	0
Land and Buildings at fair value at the end of the year	3,657,500	3,187,500
Accumulated Depreciation at the beginning of the year	(330,000)	(302,500)
Depreciation Expense	(27,500)	(27,500)
Accumulated Depreciation at the end of the year	(357,500)	(330,000)
Carrying Amount of Land and Buildings at the end of the year	3,300,000	2,857,500
Total Property, Plant and Equipment at the end of the year	3,625,239	3,253,324

Carrying amounts of the Land and Buildings if they were not re-valued and measured at cost less accumulated depreciation would be as follows:

	2021 $	2020 $
Carrying Amount of Land & Buildings at the end of the year	2,156,640	2,184,140

The valuation of Land and Buildings at 141-145 Mooringe Avenue, Camden Park was conducted by a local independent valuer on the 29 July 2021, and this was used to determine the fair value of the Land and Buildings at 30 June 2021. The valuation was determined by reference to recent market transactions on arm's length terms.

Assets pledged as security:

Freehold Land and Buildings with a carrying amount of $3,300,000 (2020: $2,857,500) have been pledged to secure the bank facility of the Group (refer to Note 19).

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	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	Consolidated Entity 2020 $
14 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET		
Right-of-use Asset	395,922	391,901
Accumulated Depreciation	(209,516)	(95,798)
Total Right-of-use Asset	186,406	296,103
Movement in Carrying Amounts:		
Right-of-use Asset at cost at the beginning of the year	391,901	391,901
Additions	4,021	0
Right-of-use Asset at cost at the end of the year	395,922	391,901
Accumulated Depreciation at the beginning of the year	(95,798)	0
Depreciation Expense	(113,718)	(95,798)
Accumulated Depreciation at the end of the year	(209,516)	(95,798)
Carrying Amount of Right-of-use Asset at the end of the year	186,406	296,103
Amounts recognised in profit or loss		
Depreciation expense on right-of-use asset	113,718	95,498
Interest Expense on right-of-use liability	9,751	12,471
	123,469	108,269

Scantech Marketing office which is located in Brisbane is under a lease. The average lease term is 3 years.

The Right-of-use asset and lease liability are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid as at 1 July 2019, discounted using the entity's incremental borrowing rate.

	2021 $	2020 $
15 PATENTS, TRADEMARKS AND LICENCES		
Patents and Licences – at cost at the end of the year	1,698,130	1,692,938
Accumulated Amortisation at the end of the year	(1,186,625)	(1,115,125)
	511,505	577,813
Movement In Carrying Amounts:		
Patents and Licences at cost at the beginning of the year	1,692,938	1,705,254
Additions	7,547	9,764
Disposals	(2,355)	(22,080)
Patents and Licences at cost at the end of the year	1,698,130	1,692,938
Accumulated Amortisation at the beginning of the year	(1,115,125)	(1,061,003)
Amortisation Expense	(73,855)	(76,202)
Amortisation Expense Write Back	2,355	22,080
Accumulated Amortisation at the end of the year	(1,186,625)	(1,115,125)
Carrying Amount of Patents and Licences at the end of the year	511,505	577,813
16 PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT		
Development – at cost	1,716,045	1,716,045
Movement in Carrying Amounts:		
Product Development at cost at the beginning of the year	1,716,045	1,716,045
Carrying Amount of Product Development at the end of the year	1,716,045	1,716,045

The Directors have determined that these Product Development costs have an indefinite life and have not been amortised but tested for impairment each reporting period. This assessment is based on the technology being expected to be used on an ongoing basis in future product applications for an indefinite period. There is strong demand for the products and Scantech holds patents, trademarks and licences over the current technology developed.

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16 PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT (CONT'D)

Impairment Testing:

The operations of the Group are considered a single cash-generating unit for the purpose of allocation of Product Development costs.

The recoverable amount of the consolidated entity's Product Development costs has been determined by a value-in-use calculation using a discount cash flow model, based on a 5 year projection period approved by management, together with a terminal value.

Key assumptions are those to which the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating units are most sensitive. The following key assumptions were used in the discounted cash flow model:

a. 11% (2020: 11%) pre-tax discount rate;

b. 2% (2020: 2%) per annum for 5 years, 0% per annum thereafter, projected revenue growth rate for net operating cash flows.

The discount rate of 11% pre-tax reflects management's estimate of the time value of money and the consolidated entity's weighted average cost of capital adjusted for the risk free rate.

The 2% per annum projected growth rate for net operating cash flows was based on management's view of a reasonable average long term growth rate in the context of the global financial situation and the associated volatility of net operating cash flow.

Sensitivity:

As disclosed above, the Directors have made judgements and estimates in respect of impairment testing of Product Development costs. Should these judgements and estimates not occur, the resulting Product Development costs may vary in carrying amount. The sensitivities are as follows:

a. The projected net operating cash flows would need to decrease by 46% per annum before Product Development costs would need to be impaired, with all other assumptions remaining constant.

b. The discount rate would be required to increase to 126% before Product Development costs would need to be impaired, with all other assumptions remaining constant.

Management believes that other reasonable changes in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount of Product Development costs is based would not cause the cash-generating unit's carrying amount to exceed recoverable amount.

	Consolidated Entity	
	2021	2020
	$	$
17 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Current:		
Trade Accounts Payable	1,153,477	1,003,284
Other Payables and Accruals	6,745,074	6,317,744
	7,898,551	7,321,028
Current Amounts Payable in Foreign Currencies:		
The Australian dollar equivalent of unhedged amounts payable in foreign currencies, calculated at year end exchange rates, are as follows:		
United States Dollars (USD)	689,536	191,743
Euro (EUR)	16,485	430,265
South African Rand (ZAR)	4,121	13,858
	710,142	635,866

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	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	Consolidated Entity 2020 $
18 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Non-Current:		
Bank Loans	0	975,000
	0	975,000

Summary of borrowing arrangements:
Bendigo Bank Facility is secured by a registered mortgage over the Group's freehold land and buildings (refer to Note 13), a registered mortgage debenture in the form of a Fixed and Floating Charge over assets and undertakings of the Scantech Properties Pty Ltd and Scantech International Pty Ltd, Deed of Cross Collateralisation given by Scantech Limited, Scantech Properties Pty Ltd and Scantech International Pty Ltd, and Unlimited Guarantees from Scantech Properties Pty Ltd and Scantech International Pty Ltd.

	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	Consolidated Entity 2020 $
19 FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS		
The Consolidated Entity had access to the following lines of credit:		
Total facilities available at balance date:		
Bank Loans	0	975,000
Bank Guarantee / Performance Guarantee	4,000,000	4,055,687
Forward Cover	20,000	20,000
	4,020,000	5,050,687
Facilities utilised at balance date:		
Bank Loans	0	(975,000)
Bank Guarantee / Performance Guarantee	(3,355,101)	(3,798,772)
Forward Cover	0	0
	(3,355,101)	(4,773,772)
Facilities not utilised at balance date:		
Bank Loans	0	0
Bank Guarantee / Performance Guarantee	644,899	256,915
Forward Cover	20,000	20,000
	664,899	276,915
20 PROVISIONS – OTHER		
Current:		
Employee Benefits	780,682	774,378
	780,682	774,378
Non-Current:	43,271	46,005
Employee Benefits	43,271	46,005
21 RIGHT-OF-USE LIABILITY		
Current:		
Right-of-use Liability – Brisbane Office	107,280	101,251
	107,280	101,251
Non-Current:		
Right-of-use Liability – Brisbane Office	84,025	187,761
	84,025	187,761

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22 CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	Consolidated Entity 2020 $
Issued and Paid Up Capital:		
At the beginning of the reporting period	4,374,962	4,374,962
Share buy-back during the reporting period	0	0
At reporting date	4,374,962	4,374,962

Ordinary Shares:	2021 Number of shares	2020 Number of shares
At the beginning of the reporting period	13,026,898	13,026,898
Share buy-back during the reporting period	0	0
At reporting date	13,026,898	13,026,898

Changes to the Corporations Law abolished the authorised capital and par value concept in relation to share capital from 1 July 1998. Therefore, the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital and issued shares do not have a par value. Ordinary shares carry one vote per share and the rights to dividends.

Capital Management:
Management controls the capital of the Group in order to maintain a good debt to equity ratio, provide the shareholders with adequate returns and ensure that the Group can fund its operations and continue as a going concern.

The Group's debt and capital includes ordinary share capital and financial liabilities, supported by financial assets.

There are no externally imposed capital requirements.

Management effectively manages the Group's capital by assessing the Group's financial risks and adjusting its capital structure in response to changes in these risks and in the market. These responses include the management of debt levels, share issues and share buy backs.

There have been no changes in the strategy adopted by management to control the capital of the Group since the prior year. This strategy is to ensure that the consolidated Group's gearing ratio remains below 25%. The gearing ratios for the year ended 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020 are detailed below.

	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	Consolidated Entity 2020 $
Debts:		
Trade & Other Payables	7,898,551	7,321,028
Financial Liabilities - Loans	0	975,000
Total Borrowings	7,898,551	8,296,028
Less Current Financial Assets	(10,500,000)	(3,055,687)
Less Cash and Cash Equivalents	(3,118,138)	(5,601,726)
Net (Asset) / Liability	(5,719,587)	(361,385)
Total Equity	18,766,697	12,302,841
Total Capital	18,766,697	12,302,841
Gearing Ratio	-30%	-3%

23 RESERVES

	2021	2020
Premium on Consolidation	13,139	13,139
Asset Revaluation Reserve	1,589,723	379,030
	1,602,862	392,169

The Asset Revaluation Reserve arises on the revaluation of land and shares in Australian Listed Entities at fair value. When revalued land and shares in Australian Listed Entities at fair value are sold, the portion of the Asset Revaluation Reserve that relates to that asset is transferred directly to retained earnings. Items of other comprehensive income included in the Asset Revaluation Reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

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	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	Consolidated Entity 2020 $
24 CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITMENTS		
The Group has no capital expenditure commitments at year end.		
The Underwood, Queensland property lease is a non-cancellable lease with an option to extend. The lease was extended on 01/05/2020 for three years and is now due to expire 30/04/2023.		
Payable – minimum lease payments		
- not later than 1 year	112,988	110,978
- between 1 year and 5 years	84,741	194,211
	197,729	305,189
The operating lease for Iinet is a non-cancellable lease with a three year term expired 22/01/2021		
Payable – minimum lease payments		
- not later than 1 year	0	14,482
- between 1 year and 5 years	0	0
	0	14,482
The operating lease for Vocus is a non-cancellable lease with a three year term expired 23/11/2020		
Payable – minimum lease payments		
- not later than 1 year	0	3,995
- between 1 year and 5 years	0	0
	0	3,995
25 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS		
The Group has a contingent liability of $0 (2020: $0) in relation to a Deed of Deposit and set off over Term Deposit funds lodged with the bank as cash cover for Bank Guarantee / Letter of Credit facilities.		
26 PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION		
Information relating to Scantech Limited the Parent Entity:		
Current Assets	10,795,860	3,302,317
Total Assets	15,170,672	6,445,947
Current Liabilities	295,786	302,260
Total Liabilities	12,085,204	4,330,401
Issued Capital	4,374,962	4,374,962
Asset Revaluation Reserve	743,635	(109,157)
Retained Earnings / (Losses)	(2,033,129)	(2,150,259)
Total Shareholders' Equity	3,085,468	2,115,546
Profit of the Parent Entity	117,130	139,765
Other Comprehensive Income for the period	852,793	(253,237)
Total Comprehensive Income of the Parent Entity	969,923	(113,472)
Contingent Liabilities of the Parent Entity:		
Guarantees entered into by the Parent Entity in relation to the Debts of its Subsidiaries	0	0
Bank loans are secured by an unlimited guarantee provided by the Parent Entity	0	975,000
Contractual Commitments by the Parent Entity for the Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	0	0

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27 SUBSIDIARIES

Name/Country of Incorporation:		Group Interest	Book Value of Investment 2021 $	Book Value of Investment 2020 $
Coalscan Pty Ltd	Australia	99.95%	6,393	6,393
Scantech Applications Pty Ltd	Australia	100.00%	0	0
Mineral Control Instrumentation Pty Limited	Australia	100.00%	2	2
Scan Technologies Inc	Pennsylvania USA	100.00%	0	0
Scan Technologies Inc	West Virginia USA	100.00%	0	0
Scantech Services Pty Ltd	Australia	100.00%	0	0
Scantech Properties Pty Ltd	Australia	100.00%	0	0
Scantech International Pty Ltd	Australia	100.00%	1,000	1,000
			7,395	7,395

28 CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	Consolidated Entity 2020 $
i) Reconciliation of Cash:		
For the purposes of the Cash Flow Statement, cash includes cash on hand and at bank.		
Cash as at the end of the financial year as shown in the Cash Flow Statement is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:		
Cash	3,118,138	5,601,726
ii) Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with profit after income tax:		
Profit after income tax	5,253,163	3,105,179
Add / (Less) non-cash items:		
Depreciation and Amortisation	315,597	298,103
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Reduction / (Increase) in value of investment	(117,130)	(139,765)
Reduction / (Increase) in trade & other receivables	(352,949)	688,478
Reduction / (Increase) in contract balances	(114,761)	1,330,613
Reduction / (Increase) in inventories	121,333	(1,787,310)
Reduction / (Increase) in deferred tax asset	188,247	(129,459)
Increase / (Reduction) in deferred tax liability	(279,260)	56,381
Increase / (Reduction) in trade & other creditors	577,523	1,103,941
Increase / (Reduction) in provision for employee entitlements	3,570	79,010
Increase / (Reduction) in income tax provision	479,588	(358,571)
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,074,921	4,246,600

	Consolidated Entity 2021 $	2020 $
29 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS		
Parent entity		
Scantech Limited is the parent entity.		
Subsidiaries		
Interests in subsidiaries are set out in Note 27.		
Compensation		
In aggregate compensation made to directors and the members of key management personnel of the consolidated entity is set out below:		
Key Management Personnel Compensation:		
The total payment of Key Management Personnel compensation comprised:		
Short-term employee benefits	1,044,285	1,174,100
Post-employee benefits	30,762	56,080
Termination benefits	0	0
	1,075,047	1,230,180

Mahshid Lindeberg, wife of Managing Director David Lindeberg, is employed by the Company as a Sales & Marketing Manager. Since 1 August 2011 she has been employed on a part time basis and her remuneration is paid on a similar basis to the other Sales & Marketing Managers. Her remuneration received in 2021 was $102,892 and 2020 was $70,712.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2021, Scantech Limited incurred fees in relation to legal services of $1,212 (2020: $19,920) from Duncan Basheer Hannon the legal firm where Peter Pedler was a partner until 31 October 2019. These transactions were entered into under normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates. The current trade payable balance owing to Duncan Basheer Hannon as at 30 June 2021 was $0 (2020: $0).

During the financial year ended 30 June 2021, Scantech Limited incurred fees in relation to legal services of $8,796 (2020: $0) from Pedler Lawyers Pty Ltd the legal firm where Peter Pedler is the principal. These transactions were entered into under normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates. The current trade payable balance owing to Pedler Lawyers Pty Ltd as at 30 June 2021 was $4,034 (2020: $0).

Loans:
Loans between Group entities are at call basis. No interest revenue and expenses are brought to account on these loans.

30 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Financial Risk Management:
The Group's financial instruments consists mainly of deposits with banks, short-term investments shares in Australian listed entities, accounts receivable and payable and banking facilities.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, credit risk and other price risk. Senior management, in conjunction with the Board, reviews and agrees on policies for managing each of these risks.

Financial Risks:
The main risks the Group is exposed to through its financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk:
Both financial assets and liabilities are subject to floating interest rates. The Company manages its cash at bank and loan balances through a mixture of fixed and variable interest rates.

Foreign Currency Risk:
The Group is exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies arising from the sales, purchase of goods and services and term deposits in currencies other than the Group's measurement currency, predominantly in EUR, ZAR, USD, CAD and GBP. Refer to Notes 9, 12 and 17 for further details.

The Group is continuously monitoring the foreign currency exchange exposure. The Group's policy for dealing with the foreign currency risk does not include forward cover. The Group has natural hedges with amounts on term deposit invested in foreign currency.

Other Price Risk:
The Group is also exposed to securities price risk on investments. Such risk is managed through diversification of investments across industries and geographical locations.

30 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

Liquidity Risk:
The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Group manages its liquidity by forecasting liquidity reserves based on future cash flows and ensuring it has credit facilities available for immediate use should the need arise. Cash flow forecasts are reported to the Board monthly.

Credit Risk:
The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at the end of the reporting period to recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in Notes 9, 11 and 19.

The Group tries to minimise credit risk by obtaining prepayments from major customers.

The Group does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or group of receivables under financial instruments entered into by the Group. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group.

(b) Financial Instruments:
(i) Liquidity and Interest Rate Risk:
The economic entity's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rates on classes of financial assets and financial liabilities, is as follows:

30 June 2021	**Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate**	**Floating Interest Rate**	**Within Year**	**1 to 5 Years**	**Over 5 Years**	**Total**
	%	**$**	**$**	**$**	**$**	**$**
Financial Assets						
Trade and Other Receivables	0.00	0	2,024,913	0	0	2,024,913
Amounts due from customers	0.00	0	1,188,221	0	0	1,188,221
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.02	3,118,138	0	0	0	3,118,138
Investments	0.32	0	10,524,822	0	0	10,524,822
Total Financial Assets		**3,118,138**	**13,737,956**	**0**	**0**	**16,856,094**
Financial Liabilities						
Trade and Other Payables	0.00	0	7,898,551	0	0	7,898,551
Amount due to customers	0.00	0	2,094,944	0	0	2,094,944
Loans	0.00	0	0	0	0	0
Total Financial Liabilities		**0**	**9,993,495**	**0**	**0**	**9,993,495**

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30 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

30 June 2020	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate	Floating Interest Rate	Within Year	1 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years	Total
	%	$	$	$	$	$
Financial Assets						
Trade and Other Receivables	0.00	0	1,671,964	0	0	1,671,964
Amounts due from customers	0.00	0	1,231,668	0	0	1,231,668
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.01	5,601,726	0	0	0	5,601,726
Investments	1.24	0	3,027,419	0	0	3,027,419
Total Financial Assets		**5,601,726**	**5,931,051**	**0**	**0**	**11,532,777**
Financial Liabilities						
Trade and Other Payables	0.00	0	7,321,028	0	0	7,321,028
Amount due to customers	0.00	0	2,253,152	0	0	2,253,152
Loans	2.84	0	27,960	1,012,252	0	1,040,212
Total Financial Liabilities		**0**	**9,602,140**	**1,012,252**	**0**	**10,614,392**

Refer Note 19 "Financing Arrangements" for details of bank facilities available

(ii) Fair Values:
Aggregate fair values and carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities at reporting date.

	2021 $		**2020 $**	
Financial Assets:	**Carrying Amount**	**Fair Value**	**Carrying Amount**	**Fair Value**
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,118,138	3,118,138	5,601,726	5,601,726
Trade and Other Receivables	2,024,913	2,024,913	1,671,964	1,671,964
Amounts due from customers	1,188,221	1,188,221	1,231,668	1,231,668
Held to Maturity Investments	10,500,000	10,500,000	3,055,687	3,055,687
Shares – Australian Listed Entities	4,367,417	4,367,417	3,094,830	3,094,830
Financial Liabilities:				
Trade and Other Payables	(7,898,551)	(7,898,551)	(7,321,028)	(7,321,028)
Amounts due to customers	(2,094,944)	(2,094,944)	(2,253,152)	(2,253,152)
Loans	0	0	(975,000)	(975,000)
Net Exposure	11,205,194	11,205,194	4,106,695	4,106,695

30 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(iii) Sensitivity Analysis:

As at 30 June 2021, the effect on post tax profit and equity as a result of changes in the interest rate, share price and foreign currency, with all other variables remaining constant would be as follows:

	Consolidated Entity	
	2021 $	2020 $
Interest Rate:		
Increase in interest rate by 0.50%	68,091	38,412
Decrease in interest rate by 0.50%	(42,610)	24,139
Investment Share Price:		
Increase in share value by 5%	218,371	154,742
Decrease in share value by 5%	(218,371)	(154,742)
Foreign Currency:		
Improvement in AUD to USD by 5%	7,341	(102,075)
Decline in AUD to USD by 5%	(8,114)	112,819
Improvement in AUD to EUR by 5%	(9,755)	(98,787)
Decline in AUD to EUR by 5%	10,782	109,186
Improvement in AUD to ZAR by 5%	196	(29,750)
Decline in AUD to ZAR by 5%	(217)	32,881
Improvement in AUD to GBP by 5%	(1,661)	0
Decline in AUD to GBP by 5%	1,837	0

31 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The only assets and liabilities recognised and measured at fair value on a recurring basis are land and buildings and shares in Australian Listed Entities.

Land and buildings are categorised according to the fair value hierarchy as Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly.

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair value.

In the absence of an active market for an identical asset or liability, the Group selects and uses one or more valuation techniques to measure the fair value of the asset or liability. The Group selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Group are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

- Market approach: valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities
- Income approach: valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value
- Cost approach: valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of an asset at its current service capacity

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Group gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

31 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONT'D)

Recurring and Non-recurring Fair Value Measurement Amounts and the Level of the Fair Value Hierarchy within which the Fair Value Measurement Are Categorised Below:

Fair Value Measurements at 30 June 2021:

Description	**Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets $ (Level 1)**	**Significant Observable Inputs Other than Level 1 Inputs $ (Level 2)**	**Significant Unobservable Inputs $ (Level 3)**
Recurring fair value measurements			
Shares purchased in the year ending 30 June 2021 of - Australian Listed Entities	0	0	0
Reinvestment in shares for the year ending 30 June 2021 of - Australian Listed Entities	145,513	0	0
Investment in shares of - Australian Listed Entities	4,221,904	0	0
Land and Buildings	0	3,300,000	0
Non- Recurring fair value measurements	0	0	0

Fair Value Measurements at 30 June 2020:

Description	**Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets $ (Level 1)**	**Significant Observable Inputs Other than Level 1 Inputs $ (Level 2)**	**Significant Unobservable Inputs $ (Level 3)**
Recurring fair value measurements			
Investment in shares of - Australian Listed Entities	3,094,830	0	0
Land and Buildings	0	2,857,500	0
Non- Recurring fair value measurements	0	0	0

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 Fair Values.

Valuation Techniques and Inputs Used to Determine Level 2 Fair Values

Description	**Fair Value at 30 June 2021 $**	**Description of Valuation Techniques**	**Inputs Used**
Land and Buildings	3,300,000	Sales price comparison	Sales prices of comparable land and buildings in a similar location are analysed on the bases of rate per square metre of gross lettable area.

There were no changes during the period in the valuation techniques used by the Group to determine Level 2 fair values.

Aggregate fair values and carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities at balance date.

32 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There have been no material events after the reporting period that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period.

SCANTECH LIMITED PUBLIC COMPANY A.C.N. 007 954 627
AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Directors' Declaration

The Directors of the Company declare that:

1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on Pages 12 to 36, are in accordance with the Corporations Act, 2001 and:
   (a) Comply with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
   (b) Give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2021 and performance for the year ended on that date of the Consolidated Group;

2. The Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer have each declared that:
   (a) The financial records of the Company for the financial year have been properly maintained in accordance with section 286 of the Corporations Act 2001;
   (b) The financial statements and notes for the financial year comply with the Accounting Standards; and
   (c) The financial statements and notes for the financial year give a true and fair view;

3. In the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

4. The financial report complies with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as disclosed in Note 2.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director
P. Pedler

Director
D. Lindeberg

Dated this 31st day of August 2021

Bentleys
THINKING AHEAD

Bentleys SA Audit Partnership

Level 5
63 Pirie Street
Adelaide SA 5000

GPO Box 939
Adelaide SA 5001

ABN 43 877 091 903

T +61 8 8372 7900
F +61 8 8372 7999

admin@adel.bentleys.com.au
bentleys.com.au

Independent Audit Report to the members of Scantech Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Scantech Limited (Reporting) and Controlled Entity (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Scantech Limited (Reporting) and Controlled Entity is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

(a) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and

(b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of Scantech Limited (Reporting), would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor’s Report Theron

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group’s annual report for the year ended 30 June 2021 but does not include the financial report and our auditor’s report thereon. Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor’s report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial is located at The Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx.This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Bentleys SA Audit Partnership

DAVID FRANCIS
Partner

Dated this 31st day of August 2021.